

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XX

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1913

NO. 11

AN IMPORTANT REAL ESTATE DEAL MADE IN THIS CITY

W. H. Coffinberry Pays \$300 a Front Foot for a Lot at the Northwest Corner of Grand and Linden Avenues.

A sale of great consequence and interest to our citizens and one that demands county-wide attention was consumed last Thursday, when a lot at the northwest corner of Grand and Linden avenues changed from the hands of its former owners, E. R. Lilienthal, W. J. Martin and Wilhelmine Hough, to W. H. Coffinberry of this city.

The lot has a frontage of seventy-five feet on Grand avenue, which was purchased at \$300 per front foot, bringing the total price paid to \$22,500.

It is reported that a handsome and modern bank-building is to be erected on the site, one that will surpass anything of its kind on the Peninsula south of San Francisco. It will be a fitting monument of the advent of

prosperity and industrial development to which this city is now destined and is justly due to enjoy.

The time has come for the full realization of the importance of South San Francisco as an industrial center. What can more impress this fact than a fine bank? A city that is able to support a bank such as this will be well deserves recognition.

The faith in which the future of this city is held by Mr. Coffinberry is illustrated by concrete examples. Although not one of our oldest citizens, he has rapidly placed himself in the first rank of our most active and progressive business men. Recently Mr. Coffinberry purchased the Frank Miner property and has at present options on several other pieces.

He is also a firm supporter of the new house-building movement.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

The Easter vacation for the local schools of one week will commence next Monday.

Fred Castro has accepted the position of Night Watchman at the Steiger Terra Cotta Works.

Born—In this city, March 10th, to the wife of W. Pierce, a 7½ pound boy. Mother and babe doing well.

Mrs. Joseph Lewis, of San Francisco, formerly a resident of this city, was a visitor here last Wednesday.

Born—At Baden Station, March 8th, to the wife of John Jonnini, a 7½-pound girl. Mother and babe doing nicely.

Prominent realty men in San Francisco say this place is the coming city and a good locality in which to make investments.

Contractor H. A. H. Stark is building an addition of two rooms and a hall to Constable Wallace's residence on Lux avenue, to cost approximately \$700.

Carpenters are busy remodeling the local fire-house. The entire building is being strengthened. The upstairs will be fitted into a club-room for the members.

To-night Vella Flora Circle, No. 368, Women of Woodcraft, will give a social dance in Metropolitan Hall. Attend and enjoy yourself. Admission 25 cents.

H. A. H. Stark, formerly a building contractor in this city, has returned from Santa Cruz, where he has been for some time. He has started in business here again.

Next Friday evening will be "Amateur Night" at the Pastime Theatre. Talented amateurs who wish to take part are requested to notify the management immediately. Advt.

Ground was broken March 4th for a new additional mast for the wireless station. The structure will be 600 feet high when completed and will increase the range of the present station.

Annual meeting of the stockholders of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company and Western Meat Company will be held next Monday when directors and officers of both companies will be elected for the ensuing year.

The Ramsey & Crummy Co. that is building the state highway in this county, contemplates making arrangements to sign up with property owners on Baden, Grand and Miller avenues and Division street in this city, to make street and sidewalk improvements.

Recorder Rehberg fined John A. Martin \$25 last Monday for driving over an artificial stone sidewalk last Saturday night. He also fined Thomas Norland \$15 on Tuesday for a similar offense. Both arrests were made by Deputy Marshal Acheson.

T. J. Mahoney, of this city, had a narrow escape from severe injury last Tuesday. While at work at the Miller & Lux Meat Company, he fell twelve feet from a ladder, landing on his side. Although he sustained several bad bruises no bones were broken.

F. G. Simmons and H. Withrow, both from Sacramento with their respective families, have come with the new Shaw-Batcher Pipe Works. They will make their homes in this city, the Simmons to reside at 544 Baden avenue and the Withrows at 540 Baden avenue.

Preparations are progressing rapidly for the splendid entertainment to be given by the Catholic ladies in this city in Metropolitan Hall on Saturday evening, March 29th next. A social time and dancing will follow the entertainment. General admission 25 cents, reserved seats 50 cents. Don't forget the date, March 29th.

The twelfth annual ball of Tippecanoe Tribe, No. 111, Imp. O. R. M., will be held in Metropolitan Hall on Saturday evening, April 5th next. Geo. E. Kiessling will be floor manager with O. Lockhart and B. Baggen-

A CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ORGANIZED FOR THIS CITY

Enthusiastic Meetings of Citizens Held at Which Officers Are Selected---Organi- zation to Be Body of Workers.

An enthusiastic mass meeting of citizens of this city was held in the city hall last Monday night when the preliminary organization of a chamber of commerce was perfected.

A general discussion prevailed and it became the unanimous opinion that the time was opportune for the organization of an active commercial civic body in this city.

The following citizens were selected as temporary officers: A. P. Scott, president; Thos. L. Hickey, vice-president; E. I. Woodman, secretary; J. W. Coleberd, treasurer; F. A. Cunningham, M. F. Healy, A. Hynding, Dr. H. G. Plymire, A. McSweeney, board of directors; J. W. Coleberd, F. A. Cunningham, J. O. Snyder, committee on constitution and by-laws.

It was decided to hold weekly meetings and Wednesday nights were selected.

The subject of housing the many mechanics of the new factories that are being located in this city was discussed thoroughly and considered of much importance. Many plans were suggested.

Adjournment was then taken to Wednesday evening.

Wednesday's Meeting.
Last Wednesday evening the newly

organized Chamber of Commerce met in the city hall.

The temporary officers who were selected at the previous meeting were made the permanent ones.

Chairman J. W. Coleberd of the committee on constitution and by-laws reported progress in the preparation of a constitution and by-laws.

Various methods of raising funds for the work of the organization, number and size of committees, etc., were discussed and many valuable ideas suggested.

The board of directors was authorized to confer with the officers of the local land company and other lot owners and endeavor to have many four and five room bungalows immediately constructed.

The secretary was directed to communicate with the State Highway Commission and request it to consider the matter of building a second state highway leading out of San Francisco along San Bruno road, in case the county road bonds proposition is defeated on April 8th next.

The secretary was authorized to obtain necessary books and stationery. Adjournment was then taken to meet again next Wednesday evening.

OPENING OF SHAW-BATCHER CO. PIPE WORKS

Last Saturday evening the large building of the Shaw-Batcher Co. pipe works was opened and illuminated for the inspection of many invited citizens, who were courteously received by Mr. Batcher, Superintendent Fisher and others and escorted through the big plant and shown the various kinds of machinery. Among the invited citizens present were several ladies.

It is understood the plant will have to be operated night as well as day for some time in order to turn out accumulated orders, necessitating the employment of many skilled men.

This company has been a very successful one in Sacramento for many years. Its business increased to such an extent that it became necessary to enlarge its equipment and this city was wisely selected for its location.

SERVICES AT THE METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, March 16th. Sunday school, 10:30 a. m., Mrs. E. G. Evens, superintendent. Senior Epworth League 6:45 p. m. Miss Etta Lewis, president. League Topic, "The Social Material: My Neighbor." Public worship, 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, "Pure Speech." Junior League, Wednesday at 3:30 p. m. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m.

Go and see the new "Wagner Piano" at Cook's Furniture Store, agent for J. T. Bowers Piano Co. Advt.

AN ENJOYABLE BIRTHDAY PARTY

A jolly birthday party enjoyed the arrangements made by his parents, when Johnnie Joseph Lopez attained the age of 4 years, which occurred Sunday last. Baden avenue is noted for its social events, and it may be said this was equal to any juvenile event that had preceded it. Those present were Misses Prudence and Juanita Jenkins, Josephine Pene, Rosalie, Flora and Rita Castro, Marguerite, Bessie and Ada Murray and Lisa Delemas, Masters Frances and Johnnie Castro. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Pene of San Bruno, Chas. Larsen and J. Lopez assisted in the entertainment of the little ones. The affair will be long remembered by those present.

FREIGHT RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS

Shipments of freight by the Southern Pacific railroad from this city for the month of February, 1913, were 11,961,936 pounds. For February, 1912, they were 9,888,709 pounds; an increase of 2,073,227 pounds.

The receipts of freight in this city for February, 1913, were 26,068,476 pounds, against 20,255,397 pounds of February, 1912; showing an increase of 5,813,078 pounds for the year.

The Hub has received a large assortment of ladies' house dresses, girls' dresses and little boys' suits of good quality; will stand washing excellently, and what's more, the prices are right. Call and look at these goods. Advt.

South San Francisco Can and Will Become the Home of the Factory

MR. BUSINESS MAN: MR. CITIZEN:

This Bank has been a factor in the upbuilding of this community for nearly ten years. Its capital of \$50,000 and its surplus of \$15,000 are substantial proofs of its co-operation with our city and county, our citizens and business men. YOU NEED US to improve your property and extend your business. WE NEED YOU to open deposit accounts with us.

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

H. L. HAAKER, Assistant Cashier

W. H. COFFINBERRY, President

COUNTY NOTES

Assessor C. D. Hayward began on last Monday to make the assessment of property for the year. He will be kept busy now until the first of July, when the work will be completed. He has appointed the following deputies who will assist him in this work: Thomas L. Hickey and D. J. Lynch, first township; S. L. Jones and C. E. Dunshee, second township; J. D. Smith, third township; D. J. Lynch, fourth township and E. Leighton, fifth township. Taxpayers would greatly facilitate the work of the deputies if they would hand in their statements to the assessor's office as soon as possible.

Wanted—Active young men and women to obtain subscriptions for The Enterprise. A liberal commission will be paid. Apply at this office. Advt.



What Kind of Power do you Use?

If you're not already using it, we'd like to have you investigate "Pacific Service." It will be to your advantage to do so.

"Pacific Service" pleases because

it is quick, continuous, reliable. It is always ready day or night. A twitch of the finger starts it in operation—and it keeps on operating until another twitch turns it off.

Investigate "Pacific Service." Better still, use it.

"Pacific Service" is "Perfect Service"



PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC Co.

South San Francisco District

South San Francisco, Cal.



PROTECTION OF SHADE TREES

Importance of Proper Care of the Bark.

WIRE GUARDS ARE THE BEST

Where the Municipality Has Control of the Trees a Uniform and Attractively Bordered Thoroughfare Can Be Made—Plain Wire Most Practical.

Few realize the important relation that the bark bears to the growth of a tree, says Harold J. Neale, city forester of Worcester, Mass., in the American City. Few appreciate the fact that the bark furnishes nature's only protection to the living cells or cambium layer where all the wood of the tree is developed. Because of the need, nature has equipped the trees with ample protection from the elements, according to their various requirements. As the tree matures the bark thickens and the cambium receives greater protection.

Inasmuch as nature provides against natural causes of injury, we must provide against the unnatural.

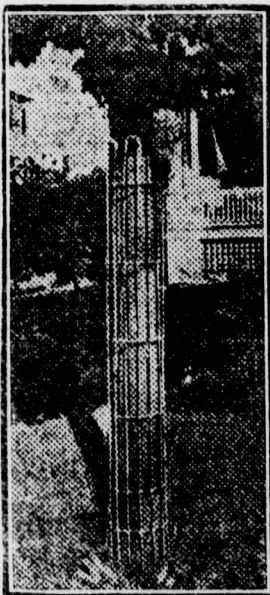
This has been done for years in one way or another. Park and shade tree commissions, tree wardens and public spirited citizens have all had a hand in it, and we have along our streets countless trees with wide spreading branches, beautiful from a distance, but, upon closer inspection, we find ugly wounds on the trunks, where decay has entered and is eating away the heart wood, making the trees unsightly and even dangerous. Tracing the cause usually leads to the period when no general protection was afforded trees, and they were used as hitching posts. Most communities now have laws to protect the trees from this danger. Sometimes, when the laws are violated and the tree injured, the offender is prosecuted, but the injury remains. Even a crude board protection would have saved the tree, but a wire guard would have served the purpose much better. Realizing this fact, the forester of today regards the protection phase of his work as important as the planting and care of the tree itself.

There are both advantages and dangers to be considered in the use of tree guards. It is, of course, important that the trunk shall receive plenty of light and air to keep it from becoming damp and thus inducing decay. Most of the first guards used were of wood. The appearance of streets lined with trees which are equipped with wooden guards resembles more that of a cemetery than a public thoroughfare. The natural shape of the tree is lost, and much of the beauty of the street is destroyed. The wire type obviates this loss. One of the greatest values of the wire type lies in the fact that the wire in a short time assumes a dark color, usually nearly that of the bark, and becomes lost to the eye, leaving the tree to assume its natural shape. It is for this reason principally that I am personally opposed to fancy ornamental wire, iron or other metallic protectors and much prefer a close mesh wire guard which conforms more readily to the color and shape of the tree.

In view of the fact that municipalities see fit to care for their trees in so many different ways, it would be hard to state in general terms anything regarding the universal use of tree guards. Cities that plant and maintain all their street trees with no expense to property owners are naturally



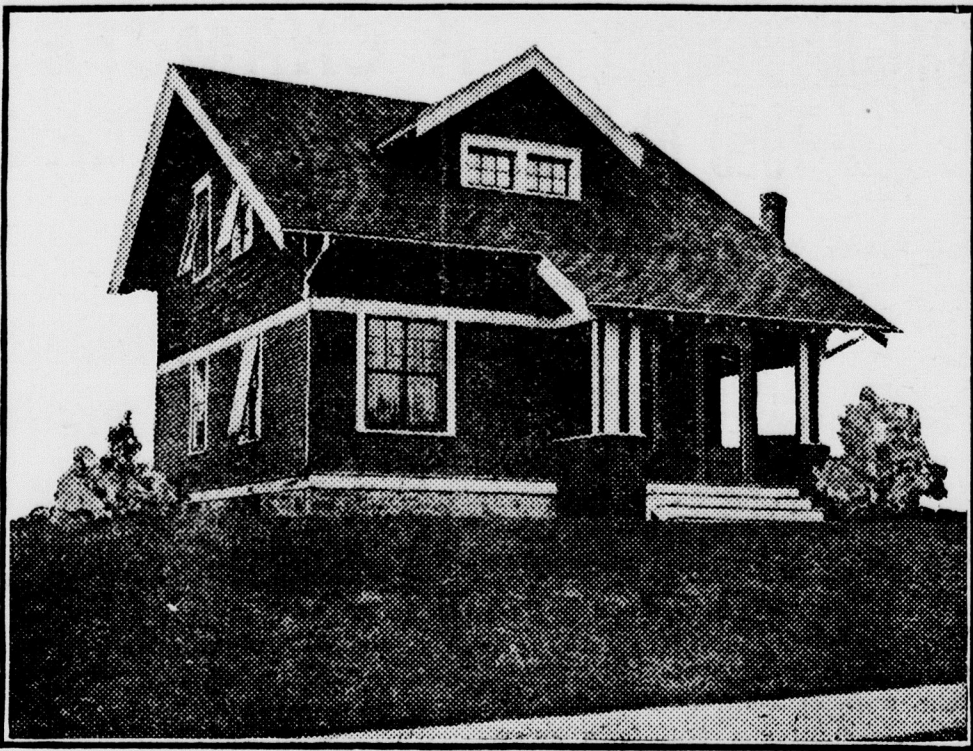
ATTRACTIVE AND PRACTICAL WIRE TREE GUARD.



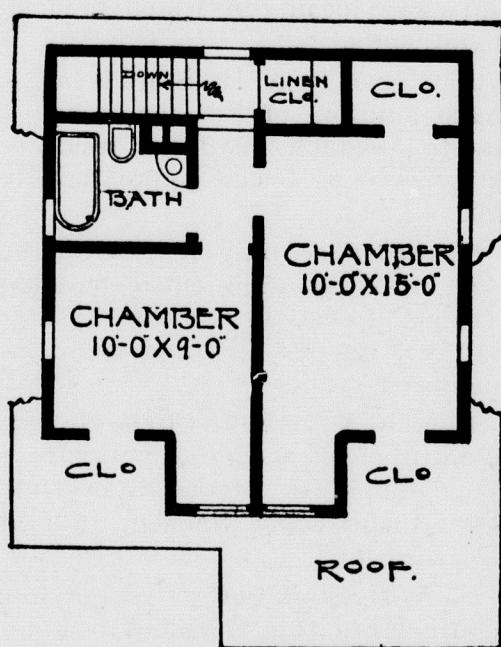
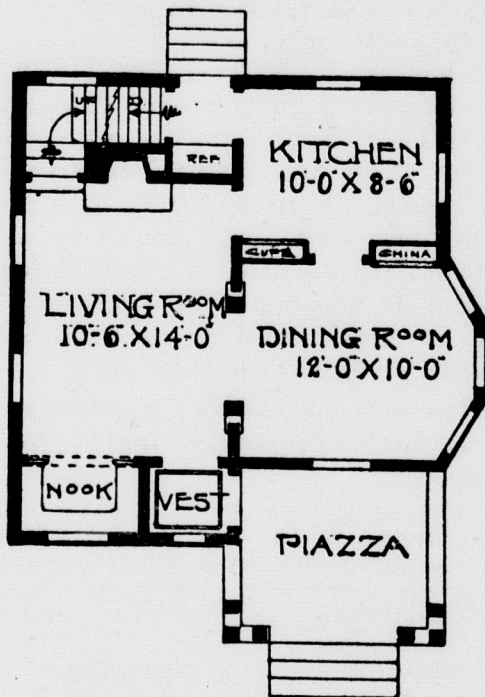
A GOOD TYPE OF ORNAMENTAL GUARD.

AN IMPOSING COTTAGE DESIGN.

Design 731, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



The first story has a large living room, nook and vestibule across the front, open fireplace in rear, with stairway adjoining. There is a rear entry, with space for refrigerator. The dining room has a bay; also a built-in china closet. There are built-in cupboards in the kitchen. There is a full basement under entire house. Size, 22 by 24 feet. First story, 8 feet 6 inches; second story, 8 feet. These heights in the clear. Birch or maple floors throughout, with birch or oak finish in first story, pine to paint in second story. Cost to build, exclusive of heating and plumbing, \$1,600.

Upon receipt of \$1 the publisher of this paper will supply a copy of Saxton's book of plans, "American Dwellings." It contains 254 up to date designs of cottages, bungalows and residences costing from \$1,000 to \$6,000.

in the best position to decide upon the types of tree guards to be used. They are enabled to use a single type throughout one street, thus securing a pleasing uniformity.

The city which does not control its street trees is really at the mercy of the property owners in this matter, and in such cases it is not an uncommon sight to find several different types of guards on the same street, many of which are in bad and even dangerous condition. This, of course, is due to the fact that the property owners either purchase or make guards within their means or satisfy their personal whims about the kind they choose. While in such cases the tree may be fully protected, the aesthetic appearance of the street is greatly injured.

Protecting Natural Landscapes. Improvement work of a permanent and satisfying nature can only be accomplished by following a well defined plan which must take cognizance of the natural beauties to be seen in the district. Land contours should be preserved, no matter how rugged. There is too much of scraping off hillocks to fill hollows, especially in building small town parks. Outcropping rocks frequently are blasted to pieces so they may be removed. Trees and shrubs perfectly at home in good health and looking their best in natural aspect are rooted out to make room for some pampered exotic because the former are not just where those in charge think they should be or because some one fancies they are too common. Thus is nature marred and money uselessly expended.

Value of Shade Trees. Shade trees should be planted in all towns and cities, and enough of the pavement should be removed to let these trees grow. Many old families in New England towns owe not a little of their longevity to their shade trees. The healthiest folk are in the northwest, where there are most clouds. It is well to get away from the erroneous traditional opinion brought to the United States from cloudy northern Europe that sunlight is good for people. In a measure it is; in excess, fatal.

GROWTH OF SOCIAL CENTER WORK.

A recent report of the Russell Sage foundation gives the following facts about the social center:

Forty-four cities reported centers at which there were paid workers. (Two years ago we could find only fifteen cities in this class.)

In nineteen of these at least some of the workers are paid by the board of education.

Fifty-seven other cities reported schoolhouses which were locally known as social or recreation centers, though they were conducted entirely by volunteer workers.

In eighty-four of the 101 cities reporting centers the heat and light are furnished by the school board.

In seventy-two the heat, light and janitor service are provided by the board.

In fifteen the board bears the total expense.

Total amount of money reported as expended both by school boards and voluntary agencies in the maintenance of school centers, \$139,535.73.

Total number of schools used as centers in the 101 cities, 338.

Number of cities reporting branch libraries in public schools, 100.

Growth of School Gardens.

Not only in well known centers, but in remoter localities, the school garden movement is taking root, and this suggests a satisfactory outcome, the result of which will be not only the higher culture of our future citizens, for there is nothing like an understanding and appreciation of nature to impart this culture, but it may also lead to a better distribution of our population. Once impart to the child a love of flowers and field and the city cannot hold him unless it can give him a garden spot. Reports from the principals and teachers where school gardening is in vogue have been most gratifying. They declare that without exception the influence of this work is refining and uplifting.

Points for Mothers

Problem For Mothers.

The girl who has just left school is generally a person much envied by her fellow schoolgirls, but sympathetic women with good memories often pity her. From the day when she was first taken to the kindergarten till now every day's work has been arranged for her. Some of the best brains in the country have combined to lay out her scheme of work and play. Her disposition has been studied, her habits observed, her amusements organized. She has been allowed enough liberty to develop, but not enough to stagnate. Then suddenly Dame Fashion decrees that she is old enough to put her hair up and let her dresses grow long, and anxious parents declare that "dear Isabel's education is really finished now; it is time the child came home for good."

Of course if a college career opens before the schoolgirl the nature of her life alters very immaterially. It is the same routine with a wider liberty. The sudden emancipation is probably never felt, for unconsciously the restrictions of childhood widen into the liberties of the adult. The girl, again, who is immediately to take her place in society has plenty to occupy her. She will be coming out directly, and all the excitements of the dance to be given in her home await her or the busy festivities of the season.

Very differently circumstanced are those who look forward to the end of their schooldays with eagerness because then they can get to work and help to relieve the financial straits of the family.

But between the two extremes is a vast host of girls who leave school because they are too old to stay, then loiter vaguely through the next few years wondering how to pass the time. The brothers of this class are more fortunate. No father would dream of leaving them unoccupied for a year or two after their nominal education finishes. If the boy shows no marked ability, expresses no especial desire as to what he shall be, that never for a moment excuses him from work.

The heads of the family consult together and settle things for him, and no one blames the boy because at seventeen or eighteen he knows less of what he can make of his life than his father does at fifty. How can the lad know unless nature has endowed him with some specially marked characteristics, which as often as not does not happen? Why, it is but a few years since he asked to be an engine driver or a street car conductor, and probably in his secret heart he still thinks it would be finer to be a professional automobile racer or an aviator than anything else. And no one blames the boy. All the same they settle his future career on very different lines.

But with a girl it all is different. "I am determined to treat my boys and girls alike," says the anxious mother, "so if Isabel wants a training she shall have it. But the dear girl does not seem to know what she wants, and I say I can do with her very well at home at present. She can fill the vases and go calling with me. Then there is the sewing club once a week." And the good woman feels mildly indignant with "dear Isabel" because a discontented pout is unmistakably showing itself on her pretty face.

And Isabel wonders vaguely how to fill the long, long hours and wishes that all her life were arranged for her as school days were. Perhaps she has no particular gifts. Does not possess one of those robust natures which revel in difficulties, will not willingly face trouble, yet withal she is a nice bright girl, with the possibilities of a fine woman in her.

She wants to do something in the world, but she does not know what, and she wishes that some one would find out for her. She thinks what a noble profession nursing is and remembers vaguely that she has heard that some housemaid's work would be hers at first. Would she regret, as she dusted the ward, that she of her own free will undertook it?

Teaching or office work appeals to her; then she asks herself would not the girls at school laugh if they knew that she had, without compulsion, returned to French verbs or mathematics after she had rejoiced so at leaving them forever. One by one she runs through the occupations open to her, not all of them, by a long way, for in her inexperience she has not even heard of many.

She has not enough to do to make her happy and not experience enough to

HER EASTER HAT.

Smart Spring Model For the 1913 Girl.



THE HAT THAT MAKES A BACKGROUND.

Dame Fashion has set the seal of her approval upon the small Easter hat, but there are types of beauty to whom the diminutive shape is anathema, so the hat that makes a background will be included among the season's models.

Such a chapeau is pictured that outlines a charming profile with cameo-like precision against the drooping brim. The hat is of black chip, edged with plaited tulle and caught up at one side with deep yellow ox eyed daisies.

EASTER LILY PARTY.

Fun For the Holiday Week Cheap and Easy to Carry Out.

A pretty plan for an Eastertide gathering where originality and a knack of giving things a happy turn must take the place of an unlimited supply of pocket money is an Easter lily affair.

Buy for the invitations the note paper with tiny lily sprays replacing the monogram, which can be obtained from any large stationer at this season of the year, or lily shapes cut from white cardboard at home and having the little notes written on them are equally effective and cost less. Inclose them in green envelopes.

Crape paper lilies are very easy to make, using the ten cent patterns now sold everywhere for the purpose. These in connection with bands and cartwheels of white and green tissue paper make delightful festoons for the parlor walls.

It adds to the picturesqueness of the little function if the girls are asked to wear white gowns, but this detail is not necessary to the success of the function.

Begin the evening's fun with a blindfold game got up in this way: On a square of muslin draw with colored chalks or water color an Easter lily plant. This is sketched and hung up in the same way as the donkey for the donkey party. Blindfold each player in turn and send him or her to pin a tissue paper lily on the plant. All those who succeed in doing this are eligible to draw for the prize. If only one person succeeds in reaching it this person is prize winner.

The Delight of Soap Bowls.

The soap bowls have become almost as much of a necessity here as in dear old England, where they originated, for it is said that "dampness, soap and salts" are responsible for the beautiful complexion of the English women. There are, however, soap bowls and soap bowls. In some of them the soap is only of a mediocre quality; in others it is of the best. In the latter class there is a soap bowl containing a soap which has won great favor with fastidious women. It is delightfully perfumed, not too strongly, but subtly and delicately, with a sweetness which is most appealing. These soap bowls, with a whisk, sell for \$5, \$7.50 and \$8.25, according to the size of the bowl.

know what she wants to do. Her case is the same as her brother's, but no parents leave the boy in ignorance of his way in life—they find it out for him.

Why should they not do the same for the girl?

Health Don'ts For Mothers.

Don't omit to keep a warm dressing gown and a pair of cozy slippers at hand if you have to get up at night to attend to baby. Neglect of this seemingly trifling precaution may be the cause of very serious chest colds.

Don't allow a healthy baby to acquire the habit of being fed during the night. It is quite unnecessary and will destroy your chance of a good night's rest.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller White Lead Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME

YOU BAKE---

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months ".....1 00
Three Months ".....50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank



SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1913

TO THE PUBLIC.

J. J. Martin has been selected as associated news editor of The Enterprise and in future will act in that capacity. Arrangements have been perfected to pay especial attention to all kinds of news of a local nature. From time to time new features will be added to the columns of this paper, and everything done to make it as readable and attractive as possible. Now is the time to subscribe if you wish to know what is going on in this industrial city.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

The future for this industrial city has never looked brighter during the twenty years of its existence.

New factories are installing their plants and buildings are in course of construction for others, and during the coming year many hundred additional mechanics will be employed.

Vacant houses and rooms are rapidly filling up. The time has never been more opportune for lot owners to build attractive four and five room bungalows. The investment will be a safe one, as at the present time there is every reason to believe that they will be either purchased or rented by permanent tenants.

Negotiations are now being made for the erection in this city of a modern fireproof hotel building. The Enterprise is not at liberty to publish particulars at this time, but will a little later.

A local chamber of commerce has been organized. It will be a progressive civic organization and every one of its members has pledged himself to be a worker—following out the principle that "acts speak louder than words."

The city board of trustees has many street improvements under consideration, as well as preparing for a modern general sewer system.

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company has had elaborate topographical surveys made of all its land located in this city for the purpose of making extensive improvements in the near future.

To the outside world, The Enterprise asks that it keep its eye on this city and watch its rapid growth.

The proposition to bond San Mateo county in the sum of \$1,250,000, for a system of good roads covering the en-

tire county, is an investment proposition.

It is not a tax in the sense of paying salaries and other current expenses of county government, for every dollar of it is to go into permanent improvements. To illustrate and make this point clear in a simple way: Take the case of a man who owns a tract of unimproved non-productive land which cost him \$30,000, who borrows \$10,000 and makes improvements, whereby the land pays annually a return of ten per cent upon the entire \$40,000 investment. Thus the investment of \$10,000 makes \$40,000 productive. Now this simple illustration applies with even greater force to bonding this county for good roads. The assessed value of this county is \$30,000,000, and the proposed bonds are only one twenty-fourth of its entire assessed value. The investment of \$1,250,000 is for permanent improvements, which will pay not less than 20 per cent per annum on a total value of \$31,250,000. In other words, the construction of the proposed system of county roads will cause population and wealth to double in San Mateo county within five years.

NEW HOUSES ARE DEMANDED.

Build! Citizens are essential for the upbuilding and prosperity of any city, for, "Where the home is the heart is." With the continuous establishment of large industries here the solid foundations of a large city are being laid. With these factories come workmen and their families and more are coming because more industries are coming. Will these men stay here? Are they able to stay here? No, because at present there are no houses to live in.

The opening of the Shaw-Batcher Co. Pipe Works is a fair example of a situation that needs the immediate attention of property owners. It is for your benefit, the good of the merchants and the prosperity of the community at large that these families be kept here.

New families who want to make their homes here are being disappointed constantly in their endeavors to locate here, and what is the result? They seek elsewhere what they cannot find here. They establish homes in other places and stay there. They help build up other communities and leave us behind. Every citizen of this city who can should grasp this opportunity and boost the new house building movement.

Editor J. L. Brown of the San Mateo Index and Daly City Record published a very creditable Annual Labor Review in those two papers last week. It was filled with advertisements and writeups of business and localities in different parts of the county.

Home owners in this city should now get busy and plant grass in their front sidewalk lawn spaces and thus material improve the appearance of their property.

It is stated that the Wilson-Marshall administration will be a "white-ribbon" affair, with no wines or liquors served at any entertainment. Not only do the President and Mrs. Wilson and their daughters taboo the sparkling cup, but also do the Vice-President and Mrs. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and other members of the Cabinet.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

BY HARRY EDWARDS.

F. O. E.

Again it was fully demonstrated that Eaglesdom is attractive to all classes and conditions of men. Tuesday evening last was initiation night. Senator Healy, a prominent resident of this city, became a member. What he passed through no tongue can tell. He cannot divulge the secret himself. Those present will not. Suffice it to say that the senator expressed himself proud to belong to South City Aerie, and while he was one of the first residents of the city, this was the first time he realized he was a bird. In fact, the irritation he felt around his shoulders where the anointing oil had been placed was proof positive that he would be able to fly with the balance of the Eagles in due time. The senator was not alone during the ordeal. All were safely landed in the nest. During the business of the session the date of memorial service for 1913 was fixed for Sunday, April 6th, in Metropolitan Hall. The committee from Colma-Vista Grande Aerie, No. 1848, will meet with South City Aerie, No. 1473, Tuesday evening next when the program will be arranged.

W. O. W.

Progress Camp, No. 425, Woodmen of the World, at its camp session Wednesday evening last decided to make arrangements for its annual dance and appointed a committee to arrange for same, consisting of J. Bernardo, M. Empeña, J. Fourcans, M. Foley and Chas. Robinson.

Something doing at every meeting. Benker Kiessling reported the largest amount ever known to exist in the local treasury. Members should become interested to the extent of knowing the condition of the camp, financially and otherwise. Five dollars was voted to be a member of Oakdale camp, said to be in distress. It is likely more of the funds will be disbursed in this way next month, for the camp is rich, and we who are active in the camp may be said to be willing to become poor, to help along the fraternal principle.

IMP. O. R. M.

The committee appointed by Tippecanoe Tribe, No. 111, Imp. Order of Redmen, to arrange for a grand ball on April 5th, in Metropolitan Hall, report not alone progress, but arrangements complete for the event. A fine orchestra is engaged.

And the night shall be filled with music, And the cares that invest the day, Shall fold up their tents like the Arabs, And as silently steal away.

STATE CAN SUPPLY ONLY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

State text books, under the present laws, cannot be furnished to schools other than those maintained by the state. This was the ruling by State Superintendent of Public Instruction in reply to Mrs. F. M. Rhodes, county superintendent of Colusa, who said that the management of St. Aloysius Convent had applied to her for books stating that the pupils of that school were just as much the children of taxpayers as those who attended public schools.

When John Larsen, a bartender, was chosen by the Princeton alumni of Chicago as the first beneficiary of its newly founded scholarship at Princeton University, society lifted its eyebrows and shrugged its shoulders. Now word comes from Princeton University that Larsen had captured scholastic honors in his first term at the university, and that the instructors and student body generally had grown very fond of the big fellow, and predicted he would astonish a lot of people before he gets through the university and afterward.

Former President Taft has accepted an invitation from the combined Masonic lodges of Augusta, Ga., to be present at a joint meeting. This is the third time in history that the combined lodges have invited a visitor to attend a meeting. George Washington was so honored when he visited Augusta in 1791, and a similar distinction was paid Marquis La Fayette upon his visit in 1825.

LECTURES TO BE GIVEN BY EXPERTS ON GOOD ROADS

At a meeting of the executive committee of the good roads advisory commission in San Mateo Saturday night it was decided to utilize the services of J. M. Eddy, road expert, in addition to those of Senior Engineer B. F. Burrell of the United States Office of Public Roads, who is to arrive on March 20th. Manager Fuller was instructed to communicate with Eddy, who is now in Stockton, and to arrange for him to appear at the same meetings with Burrell. The committee arranged itinerary of lectures, at which both experts will appear together to urge the passage of the \$1,250,000 good roads bonds which is to be placed before the voters on April 8th.

The lecture tour will begin on March 21st and continue until the day before election, and will cover the important points in the county.

The local speakers who will appear with the two experts will call the attention of the voters to the fact that the entire amount of the bond issue will be expended within the county, and will, consequently, go back into the pockets of the voters and taxpayers. It will be pointed out that the investment, while a profitable one for the taxpayer, is practically an investment in labor which will be supplied by the voting population of the county.

Following are the dates of good roads meetings to be held in various localities in this county at which Chief Highway Engineer Burrell, J. M. Eddy of San Joaquin county and a local man will speak: March 20th, Menlo Park; 22d Redwood City; 24th, Colma; 25th, San Mateo; 26th, South San Francisco; 27th, Daly City; 28th, Burlingame; 29th, San Bruno; 30th, Half Moon Bay; April 2d, Redwood City; 3d, Daly City; 4th, San Mateo; 5th, San Bruno.

Local speakers will address a meeting at Woodside on the evening of March 19th.

ROAD TRAVEL IS HEAVY

That El Camino Real throughout San Mateo county is one of the heaviest traveled stretches of roads in the state is shown by figures compiled last Sunday by Supervisor W. H. Brown. A count shows made between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m. 1252 automobiles, 180 motorcycles and ninety other vehicles passed every ten seconds.

TAXES!

1912-1913

Office of Tax Collector, County of San Mateo, Redwood City, Cal., March 1, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that the Second Installment of Taxes for the year 1912-1913 is now due and payable at my office in the County Court House, at Redwood City, Cal., daily, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 5 o'clock p. m., to and including MONDAY, April 28, 1913, at 6 o'clock p. m., when 5 per cent will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid.

A. McSWEENEY,
Tax Collector of San Mateo County.
3-1-td

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed
—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE
Surgeon

Office. Hours
500 Grand Avenue 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

J. W. COLEBERD

Attorney at Law

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, San Mateo Co., Cal.

Phone Main 222

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 2 to 4, 6:30 to 8 p. m.
405 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco, Cal.

Dr. J. C. McGovern

DENTIST

OFFICE: South San Francisco
Kauffmann Building San Mateo Co.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

FRANCIS DRAKE LODGE,

No. 376, F. & A. M.,

meets at Metropolitan

Hall first Friday every

month for Stated meetings.

E. P. KAUFFMANN, Master.

J. G. WALKER, Secretary.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LODGE, No. 850, THE FRATERNAL BROTHERHOOD, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall.

C. F. GODDEN, President.

DORA HARDER, Secretary.

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets

every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.

J. RIORDAN,

Sachem.

O. Lockhart, Chief of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473,

F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m.

JOHN FISCHER, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7,

JOURNEYMEN BUTCHERS,

P. and B. A., meets every

1st and 3d Mondays in the

Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. HEDLUND, President

C. L. KAUFFMANN, Secretary.

HOTELS

Pacific Hotel

220 Grand Avenue

S. M. GORDIER - - - Proprietor

First Class Board and Room by the Day, Week or Month.

Linden Hotel

WOLGEVEN & FENGER, Props.

206-210 Linden Avenue

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of

New Spring Styles

—OF—

L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas

SHOES

Standard Price Goods

Dowd's Shoe Store



No Wind or Weather

Can harm the complexion, treated with our soaps, creams and face powders. For they give health, vigor and daintiness to the skin, removing all dirt, all effects of sun, wind or rain. To use them is to assure the performance of every woman's duty, which is to look and to stay beautiful.

SOUTH CITY PHARMACY,

San Bruno South San Francisco
Phone Main 162 Phone Main 82

Get Ready for Spring

Just Received, a large assortment of A. F. C. Utility and Seersucker Gingham.

10 and 12 1-2 Cents a Yard.

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 GRAND AVENUE

South San Francisco

LOW-WAGE PROBE TO BE STARTED

To Ascertain the Causes of White Slavery

Not only is the so-called "moral legislation" to be made the big issue at this session of the California Legislature, but there will be a committee of the Legislature that will investigate economic conditions in the State with a view to ascertaining the reason for "white slavery." The only question to be determined is what method of conducting such an investigation is to be pursued. Senator Beban by a resolution provided for a Senate inquiry. That resolution was adopted by the Senate by a vote of 21 to 10.

Instead of a Senate Commission to investigate the white slave traffic and its connection with low wages, the Bohnett-Grant bill authors propose to have a commission composed of members of both houses clothed with every power to take testimony and to go ahead with an investigation that is intended to follow the lines of that conducted by the Illinois Legislature.

The following is the text of the resolution proposed by Senator Grant in the upper house and Assemblyman Bohnett in the lower:

"Whereas, The Legislature of the State of California is determined to eradicate the white slave traffic by doing away, as far as possible, with both cause and effect, including economic conditions of women that may be a contributory cause.

"Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring. That five Senators be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor and five Assemblymen be appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly, who shall comprise a commission to investigate the white slave traffic with relation to the economic question of woman's wages and any other cause or effect of this evil.

"The members of this commission will serve without compensation, and the commission shall report its findings, with recommendations, to either the fortieth or forty-first session of the Legislature, or both. The commission shall have power to subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, administer oaths, take testimony and to send for persons and papers.

"Resolved, That the incidental expenses of said commission shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of any funds of the State Treasury not otherwise appointed, and the Controller is hereby authorized to issue warrants for the same."

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

That there will be a strong fight for the prevention of the extermination of the meadow lark in California is presaged by activity on the part of well-known bird lovers in Santa Barbara County, as well as in other sections of the State. The matter will be presented to the Fish and Game Committee of the Legislature, which will be asked to do all within its power to save the songbird.

Amelia Berryman, aged 4, who subsisted for months on an exclusive diet of dirt, is dead in Los Angeles. The child refused victuals of all kinds, according to her parents, and consumed earth apparently with a relish. Until recently no harmful effects had been observed. Physicians asked permission to remove the child's stomach, so that a post-mortem study of the strange case may be made.

After an agitation which has been continued for several months the Watsonville Board of Aldermen is at last taking steps to provide that city with a civilized jail. Members of the Building Committee of the Board met with Supervisor Marcus and a tentative plan for a six-cell lock-up, to cost \$1700, was adopted. The City Engineer will draw up the plans and they will be presented to the Board of Aldermen at its next meeting.

A commission appointed by the Legislature to investigate the removal of the Stockton State Asylum for the insane to a location outside the city limits, on property owned by the State, assembled in Stockton recently. Lieutenant-Governor A. J. Wallace is the chairman, and several State Senators and Assemblymen, chairmen of various committees, are assisting in the deliberations. The removal will involve the expenditure of hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Michaels was burned to death in Vallejo in a fire started by the explosion of an oil stove. At the time of the explosion, Mrs. Michaels was in

MISS ELIZABETH FREEMAN

English Suffragette Who Marched
With Hikers to Washington.



the back yard. Seeing flames she became hysterical and could not make neighbors who came to her assistance understand that the child was in the house until it was too late for them to attempt a rescue. The baby was only fourteen months old and helpless to do anything for its own safety.

State Game Warden J. H. Hill released some wild turkeys in the mountains of San Benito County last fall. He reports that they are doing finely, but that they refuse to be wild. They were placed on the ranch of Gustave Brown. He reports that the game birds insist on living in the farmyard with his domestic fowls. Several of them are setting, however, and when the new comers are large enough they will be immediately taken to the brush, where it is hoped the tamer instincts of their immediate forbears will be forgotten.

Tests conducted in San Jose insect cages during the last month indicate that the maximum emergency of thrips is taking place at the present time and orchardists should immediately commence spraying if they would save their fruit crop from ruin. The tests have been progressing since February 15th, when the first of the army of pests made its appearance. Every day their number has increased in the cages and from now on they are expected to decrease in number. What is taking place in the cages is taking place in the orchards throughout the county.

A. J. Rich of San Francisco, representing the Solano Irrigated Farms, has bought two more big tracts which are to be added to the Calhoun property. It is understood that about \$150,000 was paid for 2000 acres. This gives the Solano Irrigated Farms a tract of more than 100,000 acres, and is among the biggest similar reservations in the West. A large force of men is being worked on reservoirs, dredgers, etc., and a city is springing up in a night. This city promises to become one of the biggest in Solano County before the opening of the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

Interesting experiments are being carried on at the United States plant introduction gardens near Chico in the development of a new source of paper pulp supply. Of a large number of plants that have been under observation to determine their pulp-making potentialities, the one that gives promise of solving the problem of a new pulp supply is the mitibmata chun, which was imported from China. The plant is the discovery of one of the "agricultural explorers" sent out by the Department of Agriculture. The officials of the garden are most sanguine that it will prove a valuable discovery.

The abilities of the Los Angeles "bomb artist," Riehlman, to emulate the monkey, was the cause of a near riot at San Quentin Prison recently when a force of seventy guards was turned out to search for the "escaped" convict. At closing time in the jute mill at the penitentiary, Riehlman was missing. After an hour's search with his force of guards, Warden Hoyle located the bomb thrower atop a gigantic fly-wheel, located at least thirty feet above the floor of the jute mill. It was only after considerable argument—during which the guards waxed warm and the convict grinned contentedly—that Riehlman consented to descend by the same means he had used in reaching his precarious position—the belt which drives the machinery. Riehlman's privileges will be taken from him, says Warden Hoyle.

DR. FRIEDMANN MAY REVEAL HIS SECRET

One of the Great N. Y. Hospitals May Open Its Doors to Him

When Dr. F. F. Friedmann returns from Montreal he may reveal his secret.

"On my return from Canada," the doctor is quoted by his secretary as saying, "I shall deliver accurate and scientific lectures on the preparation and application of the vaccine. These lectures will be delivered before medical bodies, although just when or where has not been definitely determined."

Dr. Friedmann also may find Bellevue Hospital, which is the largest of the New York hospitals, opened to him for further demonstrations when he returns. It is learned that Dr. John F. Anderson, director of the hygienic laboratory of the Public Health Service, has opened negotiations with the directors of the hospital for the admission of Dr. Friedmann.

Mount Sinai Hospital, where Dr. Friedmann conducted tests for the Federal health authorities, will, however, be first visited by Dr. Friedmann upon his return. The hospital has given notice that all "fresh" cases of tuberculosis of the joints or glands—meaning cases which have not been operated on—will be treated without fee under the auspices of the public health service.

COMPULSORY OPEN AIR SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

A Ruling in New Britain—Depends on Pupils' Condition.

Can the school authorities or the courts compel a child to attend an open air school when the pupil, with the approval of its parents, would prefer to attend the regular school? This question was decided recently in a police court in New Britain, Conn. A father was arrested for failing to send his children to school. In the court it developed that the children had attended school regularly until they were directed to go to the new open air school which the city had established. After a few days at the open air school the children complained of being cold during school sessions. Then their father told them to go back to the regular school again, where they were refused admittance because they had been transferred. The result was that the children attended no school. After deciding that the compulsory education law could not be made to apply to the open air school the court paroled the children in the charge of a probation officer.

In New York the parents must consent before children are admitted to the fresh air classes for anaemic children, and they may withdraw their children and put them back in the regular school. In case of children with open tuberculosis, however, the health department requires that they be segregated from other children, and the board of education exacts compulsory attendance at an open air school if they are physically able.

HOW TO HANDLE THE SCHOOL GARDEN.

Different Methods Necessary in City and Rural Districts.

Those who are charged with the direct presentation of school garden work to children will recognize that the point of view for city children must be different from that for country children. As a rule, children in rural districts are familiar with the fundamental operations of the garden—preparation of the soil, planting the seed and the cultivation and harvesting of the ordinary garden and farm crops. To attempt, therefore, to maintain the ordinary type of individual vegetable and flower garden upon the grounds of rural schools would undoubtedly be an unwise expenditure of time and energy.

For city children, however, to whom the growth of the plant is like the discovery of a new world, the application of the simple operations involved in the maintenance of the individual garden containing flowers and vegetables is altogether a different matter. The plan of procedure, therefore, for teachers in rural districts should be quite different from that followed by those in urban communities. The teachers of the rural schools will find a most fruitful field along the line of laboratory experiments, which will demonstrate the principles of plant growth and of plant nutrition, methods of propagation, etc.

In this connection we have therefore outlined two classes of work which will encroach more or less upon each other, but the discriminating teacher will have no difficulty in selecting that which is best suited to the conditions by which he or she is surrounded.

In rural communities instead of conducting miniature vegetable or flower gardens it might be better to secure different varieties of grains or grasses for test upon home plots, encouraging the students to undertake small experiments which shall have for their chief end the development of the faculties of observation. Different methods of tillage and fundamental principles of this character will be involved in these experimental or demonstration areas, the results of which will emphasize the importance of certain lines of work.

In some localities it will be possible to bring together upon the school grounds groups of shrubs and trees arranged in an artistic manner so that the finished work will present an attractive picture and will furnish material of great value for purposes of instruction. The habits and uses of various plants can be brought out and the child led to appreciate the value of such decorative plantings in connection with the home. Such work, however, will not involve any very considerable expenditure of time or energy, neither will it require systematic attention to garden work on the part of the child. It will, however, have a broader and less exacting influence and will perhaps be of greater importance in rural communities than would close attention to the maintenance of the individual garden.—Government Bulletin.

Oscar Olsen, a sailor, is recovering at the San Francisco Marine Hospital from an operation made to rid his system of typhoid germs, which he transmits to all who come in contact with him. His gall bladder was removed, the attending physicians believing that organ to be the breeding place of the offending germs. Over a year ago Olsen was singled out by investigators as the cause of numerous cases of typhoid fever which broke out on every ship on which he sailed. He was confined at the Marine Hospital, and apparently his body ceased to generate the typhoid germs under the treatment administered. Several months ago he was allowed to leave the hospital as cured, with the proviso that he return each month and allow himself to be examined. He engaged in coastwise sailing, and two weeks after he accepted a position on a ship plying between San Francisco and Los Angeles two cases of typhoid were reported on board. The cause of the disease was traced directly to him.

The illumination of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will form a remarkable attraction. The work is under the direction of Mr. W. D'A. Ryan, in charge of the lighting of the Panama Canal, and who has perfected a scheme enabling him to produce light effects undreamed of at any of the former world's expositions. In the Exposition there will not be a single article of lighting equipment that was ever used before. A sum exceeding \$50,000 has been expended in a single line of experiment in the development of cut glass reflectors, to be known as jewels, for use at the Exposition. The results to be produced for their reflected light will be of a startling and scientifically wonderful nature.

Germans complain of stagnation in the matrimonial market. They blame the high cost of living.

TOWN BOOMING.

What Can Be Accomplished by Cultivating Public Spirit.

Spirit is the most substantial thing in the human world. A nation is as great as the collective spirit of its people. Progress, industry, inventions, improvements—all are but manifestations of the spirit of an age or of a country or of a city or of an individual. Take all the people out of New York and put 5,000,000 Zulus in their places and grass would grow in the streets, elevators would stop, subways, elevated roads and surface lines would be abandoned, and the city would fall into ruins. But put the present inhabitants of New York in the middle of Zululand and they would build another New York. For the people are the city. It is their spirit that does all things. When San Francisco was shaken down and burned the real city did not cease to be, but was only put in the way of a new and greater manifestation, for the spirit of the people rose higher to meet the catastrophe. It has been so in every American disaster. Here liberty, popular education, democracy and individual initiative have built up a greater spirit in the people, and this faith has become manifested in works. All this has a very definite and practical application to the building up of a town or city anywhere. The only way this can be done is to build up the spirit of the people of that town or city. Given that and the material progress will follow. Seek ye first the inner kingdom and all these outer things shall be added. Like most of the things taught by the Master, that is a scientific fact. It belongs to that deeper human science which, after all, is the greatest one we know.

FRONT YARD PLANNING.

When Space Is Small Great Care Must Be Used.

On a lot of fifty feet the house is usually within twenty feet of the sidewalk. Small grounds like this should never have shrubs dotted over them or be cut up with beds, as this makes the front yard look cluttered.

All planting, unless it be of trees, should be close to the house in a way to cover the underpinning as much as possible or on the line between lots. Shrubs in the background, with hardy herbaceous plants, bedding plants and annuals in front, are most desirable. If you use more than one color, avoid those that clash, such as several shades of red. Use enough white to bring out the mixture.

The massing of several plants of one color is most effective. If you use yellow have the plants dwarf and in the front. If blue enters into your planting that should be at the farthest point. Avoid straight lines as far as possible. Graceful curves give much more natural effect and a better perspective.

THE CHILD'S LIFE.

The children begin their education when they begin to play, for play not only affords an outlet for their energy and so supplies one great means of growth and training, but places them in social relation with their mates and in conscious contact with the world about them. The old games that have been played by generations of children not only precede the training of the school and supplement it, but accomplish some results in the nature of the child which are beyond the reach of the school.—Hamilton Wright Mabie.

Do you carry Insurance on your home? Are you protected if it should burn to-day?

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

We handle only the strongest and most reliable companies. Get our pointers on Insurance. We can save you money.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

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Adler's Collegian Clothes

Prices range from \$16 up. It does not matter what style or pattern you want, we have it. Our stock of Men's Suits for Spring is so complete we can suit the most fastidious taste. The styles this season surpass anything we have ever shown before.

We Have the Exclusive Right to Sell These Clothes in This City

The Hub

313-315 Grand Ave., South San Francisco

South San Francisco

Railroad Time Table

December 22, 1912.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:03 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:18 A. M.
8:04 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:44 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
9:23 A. M.
9:53 A. M.
11:13 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
1:07 P. M.
3:04 P. M.
3:41 P. M.
5:14 P. M.
5:28 P. M.
7:03 P. M.
7:26 P. M.
10:43 P. M.
(Sunday only)
11:39 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:02 A. M.
7:22 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:23 A. M.
10:58 A. M.
11:58 A. M.
1:37 P. M.
(Saturday only)
2:29 P. M.
3:17 P. M.
4:37 P. M.
5:24 P. M.
5:58 P. M.
6:47 P. M.
8:27 P. M.
10:22 P. M.
12:02 P. M.
(Theater Train)

LOOP SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:18 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

6:25 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

* NORTHBOUND DISPATCH.

8:01 A. M.
12:13 P. M.
3:41 P. M.
7:03 P. M.

† SOUTHBOUND DISPATCH.

6:47 A. M.
11:57 A. M.
2:13 P. M.

* Mails from south arrive.

† Mails from north arrive.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—E. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kaufmann
Recorder.....W. M. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Coleberd
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson

BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, E. N. Brown, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas. Robinson, W. C. Schneider.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....H. O. Heller
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Coroner and Public Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
John F. Davis
Constables.....Jas. C. Wallace
J. H. Parker

Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

DON'T ADVERTISE

If you do not want business, Watch the man that DOES advertise and see him do the business. Wake up! Put your ad. in THE ENTERPRISE.

For the Children

A Friendly Surprise
on Easter Morning.



It is plain to be seen that the two young folks in the picture are intent on making some friend happy. They bear gifts emblematic of the Easter season—a lily and a basket of eggs. We can only conjecture the object of their morning call, for they were snapped by the photographer just as they rang the doorbell. Perhaps the offerings are for grandma, who would surely be glad to see the visitors, even if they came empty handed. Their very presence would be a joy to grandma. Again, perhaps the flower and the eggs are for some little playmate. Who knows but they? If it should happen that this playmate is unable through illness to leave her home, how happily the gifts will be received. And those who give will also be happy.

April Fools' Day Party.

Ethel loved the 1st of April, for she always had some surprise to spring on the family early that morning. This year she was very busy preparing for an April fools' day party.

The nursery was beautifully decorated with flowers, and over the door was a large card with "April Fool" printed on it, surrounded by a pretty wreath. Ethel, dressed in the costume of a fool, with cap and bells, awaited her guests. She had many games prepared for them, and all entered into the fun with vim.

They played charades, taking only such savings to act as contained the word fool, such as "Fools rush in where angels fear to tread." "A fool and his money are soon parted." "Fools make feasts and wise men eat them." "Experience keeps a dear school, but fools will learn in no other way."

Ethel next introduced the game of "It." She went about "It" in this way: She asked of each guest three foolish questions, and the answer to each had to be "April fool," and the one questioned was not allowed to smile. This the little girls found hard to do, and many and funny were the forfeits handed in by them for failing.

A Spoonful of Fun.

Sometimes instead of feeling with his hands in order to discover who it is that he has caught the blind man is given a large spoon, which he uses as a wand. As in "silence," the players must all remain perfectly still. Directly he succeeds in finding some one the blindfolded player tries, by deftly touching him here and there with the spoon, to discover who it is. As it is much easier than anybody who has not tried can possibly imagine to discover the identity of a person by spoon touching, it is best for the unblindfolded players to try to disguise themselves as much as possible. Some might stand on tiptoe to make themselves appear taller, others tie handkerchiefs around their necks or wrap themselves up in shawls, and the boys might remove their telltale collars or put on their overcoats.

A Long Flight.

Mr. Robinson, who lives in Westmount, Que., got a carrier pigeon from England to add to his collection of birds. He was training it to know Westmount as its headquarters when one day it got away. When it was next heard of it was at its old home in England. That is a long distance to

travel, more than 2,000 miles between the end of Newfoundland and the western coast of Ireland. — Chicago News.

The Lily Bells of Easter.

O lily bells of Easter,
Once more your music swells
Through all the wakening woodland,
Through all the quiet dells.
No winter snows can hold you
Or mar your minstrelsy,
No silent snows enfold you.
The spring has set you free.

O sacred snowy beauty,
Our hearts wait sore and chill
To hear anew the story
Of good sprung out of ill!
O wondrous resurrection
Of flower from out the clod,
A censer, chime and chalice
To bear the peace of God!

Little Things of Dress.

A very pretty collar for spring wear has the large looped bow carried out in soft crepe de chine. The hem of the material was turned back on the right side and sewed down with a row of French knots in silk the same shade as the crepe de chine.

In Paris plain white silk stockings with black clocks are ousting open-work hose for evening wear. The brocade silk slipper takes first place, while a world of elaboration is introduced into the ornamentation of evening shoes, and a gem set buckle is threaded with silver and gold gauze ribbon, or the center of the shoe is marked with a large circular pearl sewed decoration, mounted on a disk of velvet ribbon.

This is a year of lace where blouses are concerned. Lace of every kind is used and is considered far more dressy than net or satin. French embroidered fillet represents, however, the last word in elaboration. This form of needlework, being done by hand, from the making of the net to the darning of a design, is very costly. Those who are clever with their needles are able, however, to evolve what in time will be come an heirloom, buying handmade net for the purpose.

Uses of Olive Oil.

Not every one realizes the medicinal properties of olive oil. It is quite true that the machinery of the body needs oiling occasionally, like any mechanical machine which is constantly in use, and olive oil taken internally will be exceedingly beneficial. A tablespoonful will aid the digestion and ease liver trouble. This oil should be served frequently as a dressing and is not only pleasant on vegetables, but serves as an appetizer as well. Taken internally, either with salads or alone, it is beneficial for catarrh either of the stomach or throat.

A New Fad.

The newest fad in interior decorating is painting the wainscoting and the baseboards in the various rooms a deep glossy black.

The floors are finished in dark brown, and the walls of rooms so finished look best in buff, gray or dull blue, which reserves the neutral tone of the room.

The Drama of London's Fog.

There is a whole world of drama bound up in the chronicles of London's fog. This misty and mysterious visitant, far older than Gog or Magog, which used to visit the watches of the night when the metropolis barely lifted itself out of the surrounding marshes, has a fund of comedy as well as tragedy. Countless murders have been committed under its sheltering cloak, men and women have been waylaid, children have been torn from their mothers and wives from their husbands. London Strand.

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— The —
Scrap Book

The Impression He Gave.

The learned English jurist, Judge Willis, was a very democratic and genial sort of a man. On one occasion going home in an omnibus which landed him at an inn known as the Green Man, he as usual passed the time in friendly discourse with the passengers. To one housewife who had been marketing he delivered a well meant lecture on the purchasing power of money, the tariff, free trade and domestic and political economy. To other passengers he talked freely and dispensed counsel and advice indiscriminately. Arrived at his destination, he intimated to the conductor, "I want to get out at the Green Man." Accordingly the omnibus slowed down, but as he was leaving his seat a lady touched him on the sleeve and earnestly inquired, "My good man, don't you think you've had enough?"

The Humble Hero.

He was not of the royal blood,
He did not seem to know his worth,
But in our common brotherhood
He was a hero of the earth.

God gave him grace to work and wait
And strength and patience to endure
And faith and hope which, soon or late,
A crown of triumph would insure.

He looked not to the heights for fame
Nor walked where wild ambition leads,
Content on earth to breathe his name
With kind and helpful little deeds.

The world seemed brighter for his smile,
And hearts were glad to have him near,
Broadening life's nobler scope the while
He moved within his humble sphere.
—Joseph W. Humphries.

Clear Case of Madness.

John Blank of Ohio is a politician of considerable influence in his state. One evening when he was in Washington he was invited to dine at the home of John R. McLean, who dabbles in Ohio politics and costly tapestries.

Every time Mr. McLean hears of a tapestry sale in Europe he peels off a section of his bank roll, hands it to an agent and tells him to blow it in on the hangings.

Blank's appetite was very poor that night. Apparently he was in great physical pain or felt the gnawing clutch of a secret sorrow. When he got back to Ohio he made this mournful announcement:

"I've always heard that John R. McLean was a wise old guy. It's a mistake. That old fellow is as crazy as a loon. He took me in to dinner in a room where there was absolutely nothing on the floor and all the carpets were hanging on the wall."—Popular Magazine.

Well Confirmed.

The Rev. Joshua Kimber, in his reminiscences in the Living Church, tells the following anecdote of the late Bishop Horatio Porter: "He had been journeying up the east bank of the Hudson river, stopping for confirmation each day at adjoining parishes. When he reached Poughkeepsie he saw a woman at the rail waiting for confirmation whose face he was sure he recognized and was somewhat familiar with. He was also certain that she had been confirmed within the week at another place. The bishop whispered to her to remain after service and said: 'My dear madam, what do you mean by coming for confirmation? I am sure I confirmed you Monday at such a place. Did I not?' She said: 'You certainly did. I have been following you up the river and have

been confirmed every day this week.' He, astonished, said, 'Why did you do that?' Whereupon she replied, 'Because I heard it was good for rheumatism.'"

Reeves and Toole.

Sims Reeves told this story in his "Reminiscences."

"I was playing the part of Tom Tug in company with my excellent friend J. L. Toole, who was also a member of the cast. In 'The Waterman' a word or two of gag is held to be permissible, and, partly to amuse the audience, partly to astonish my excellent fellow actor, I said to him in a certain scene in reply to his question:

"What's the meaning of all this?"
"The meaning of it is that you've been made a tool of, and I'm a happy fellow."

"Johnnie looked very much surprised, and, as a popular comedian does not if he can help it allow himself to be scored off, after a moment's reflection, during which he must have suffered the keenest agony, replied:

"So it sims."

Reached the Limit.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley told in an address in Washington a story apropos of food adulteration. "There was a man," he said, "who manufactured so called silver spoons. A dealer bought largely from him, but was always clamoring for a lower price.

"But I can't lower the price," the manufacturer would say, "unless I put in more lead."

"All right—more lead, by all means." Thus the dealer would reply.

"Then one week the dealer wired that he would take an enormous consignment of spoons if the price were cut a further 10 per cent.

"I can't cut the price another penny," the manufacturer wired back.

"Put in more lead," wired the dealer.

"Impossible," was the manufacturer's reply. "Last lot I shipped you were all lead."

Salting a Diamond Mine.

Harold Du Bois, the noted mining engineer, told a good story illustrating the "art" of salting a diamond mine. The story was told of a man in South Africa who, while walking one day over his property, suggested that they assay some of the soil.

In the search that ensued eight rough diamonds were found and offers began to fly through the air at a rapid rate for the land, when the host's wife called out to her husband, "Why, John, where are the other two?" The sequel to the story was left to the imagination.—Boston Record.

Gift to Helen Taft.

Girl friends of Miss Helen Taft gave her as a farewell gift a gold hand bag studded with amethysts. Nearly all of her close friends were represented in the presentation, which was informal.

The president's daughter was deeply affected. Miss Taft has spent almost all of her girlhood in the national capital, her father going there in 1890 as solicitor general of the department of justice and, with the exception of four years spent in the Philippines as governor general, has resided in Washington ever since.

To Bring Roses to the Cheeks.

Rosewater, four ounces, and a third of an ounce of tincture of benzoin have the quality of bringing the blood to the surface of the skin and giving it a delicate pink color. This is a perfectly harmless way of gaining color.



His Lordship's Secretary

He Was More Refined Than His Master.

By ANDREW C. EWING

Soon after Loriston became a lord he resolved to visit the United States, that child of England fast outgrowing its British father and whose institutions, far different from those inherited by Europe, were beginning to be the study of thoughtful Englishmen. But in making the trip he had no idea of being courted for his title as a social lion or marrying an heiress. Coming as he did to study American institutions, he preferred to travel not as a nobleman, but as Edward Arbuckle, which was his name without the title.

Expecting to take back with him a great deal of miscellaneous information pertaining to certain matters in which American methods differ from those of England, he brought over a stenographer and typewriter to aid him in putting it on record. This person, John Morton, had been the earl's father's agent for the collection of rents and other business purposes and had lived on the estate ever since he was born. Consequently he knew all about the family.

Scarcely had Loriston reached America than Morton, who had in some way unknown to his employer managed to get hold of £500 or £600, left him without giving him any notice whatever. The matter did not trouble the earl, who took into his service an American, who, being familiar with the country, was likely to afford better service than Morton.

Morton, who was a handsome man, resolved to make use of his knowledge of the Loristons to play a game upon unsuspecting Americans. What game he should play must depend upon cir-



HE BEGAN TO ABUSE THE MAILS.

cumstances, but as he outlined it he would pass himself off as an English nobleman traveling incog. In America should he find it necessary to adopt a title he would assume to be Earl of Loriston. He might be obliged to adopt different names at different times, but he would start with his own name, John Morton.

He went to a western city and on the train fell in with an Englishman, to whom he threw out hints as to his position in England and his object in coming to America. The acquaintance having been thus started, Morton asked his new found friend if he could suggest any person or persons in the city they were approaching and where the Englishman lived who would give him such information of American institutions as he was looking for. This led to Morton's introduction into the family of Mr. Winslow Gardner.

Mr. Morton had informed Mr. Gardner that on no account would he be drawn into any social prominence. He refused to give any information as to the title he bore or admit that he had a title, for the moment he confessed his rank he would be loaded with invitations. Mr. Gardner understood all that and agreed to say nothing to complicate matters. He invited him to dinner informally, where he met Miss Margaret Gardner, a young lady of an excellent American type. Her mother, to whom Mr. Gardner had confided the secret that they were entertaining a British peer, was profuse in her attentions to Morton, but Miss Margaret, whose perceptions were more refined, thought that she could detect at times certain indications that their guest

was not of the manner born. Whether his laugh was now and then a trifle loud or that some of his h's were a bit too smoothly pronounced she could not tell. Nevertheless there was something about him that led her to believe he did not belong to the higher English classes. But when, after Mr. Morton's departure, she intimated as much to her mother that good lady looked upon her with surprise and pity. "Why, my dear," she said, "Mr. Morton is a British duke traveling incognito. Morton isn't his name at all."

This annihilated the young lady's estimate of Mr. Morton, but she told her mother it made no difference to her whether he was a duke or a prince of the blood, she didn't fancy him. This was rank rebellion, though the earl did not know it, for she was ignorant that her mother had hopes of her becoming a duchess.

However, Miss Gardner could not treat a guest except with civility, especially one whom her father and mother treated with such unbounded reverence. The duke—as they supposed he was—upon the invitation of Mr. Gardner made himself at home at the Gardner house, and, though he neither made nor tried to make any headway with Margaret, she always received him cordially. But an American wife was not his object. One day while in Mr. Gardner's office he began to abuse the mails, which were so "confounded slow, you know." He had ordered a thousand pounds sent him from England a month before, and surely there had been plenty of time for a reply.

Mr. Gardner at once volunteered to supply him with any amount that would serve to meet his present needs. But the "duke" declared that he could wait a few days longer. At the end of that time, when his friend insisted on furnishing what he needed, Mr. Gardner drew a note for £500 and handed it to the former to get it cashed.

"But I don't need so much," said Morton.

"As you like," replied Gardner. "Well, since you insist upon it," said the Englishman, "perhaps we had better make it a thousand, and when my draft comes I'll indorse it over to you just as it stands."

Notwithstanding that \$5,000 was no great matter to Gardner, he was rather taken aback at a stranger accepting so large a loan from him. Morton cashed the note and said he would go and put it into a bank. He was making for a railway station when whom should he meet face to face but Loriston.

"Hello, Morton!" Morton replied to the salute by turning pale and stammering a reason for his being there, just as if Loriston had asked the question. His former employer, whom he had left so suddenly, grew suspicious.

"Have you found a position here?" asked Loriston.

"No, my lord." Loriston looked at him critically, then said:

"Come with me to my hotel. I wish to talk with you."

Morton was in a hole. He should have avoided one of America's great cities which Loriston was sure to visit and, if they met, would surely expose any game Morton might be playing. In Loriston's room at his hotel, after considerable cross questioning, Morton agreed that if Loriston would permit him to undo what he had done without prosecution he would make a clean breast of it. Loriston promised, and Morton, laying the money he had just obtained on a table before Loriston, told the whole story.

There was lying dormant in Loriston a spirit of adventure he had inherited from an ancestor who had fought under the sultan of Turkey, sailed under the great Drake and, having been shipwrecked in the Pacific ocean, had been made king of one of the islands there. Loriston asked Morton to accompany him to the office of Mr. Gardner, which he had just left, and introduce him as his secretary just arrived from England with his £1,000 and return the money. That was all Morton was to do except to go on playing his game—without making any more loans—and treat Loriston as his secretary.

Of course this return of funds so quickly placed Morton's pretensions on a firm footing, and, since the secretary, Mr. Arbuckle, appeared to be a gentlemanly fellow, the duke was asked to bring him to the house. When Mr. Gardner informed his wife of this undoubted proof of the former's genuineness she exclaimed: "I told you so! Just as if I don't know breeding when I see it!" And when Mr. Arbuckle appeared at the house with his chief Miss Margaret declared that the secretary was more like a duke than the duke himself.

Holding a term in state prison over Morton, Loriston found it easy to keep him up to his part. The earl found in Margaret Gardner one whose intellectual endowments and soundness of judgment gave him a clearer insight into American methods than he had derived from men whose opinions were greatly respected. This induced an intimacy which, throwing the duke out

in the cold, produced contention in the Gardner family. Mr. Gardner's brow lowered, while Mrs. Gardner stormed.

Then one day the duke took his departure, leaving his secretary to follow him. Mrs. Gardner's chagrin brought on a fit of sickness, and she took to her bed. Then the secretary departed, but in a few weeks reappeared. One morning, Margaret finding her father and mother together, said to them:

"That man Morton isn't a duke or a marquis. He isn't an earl or a knight. He is a swindler. This Mr. Arbuckle is John Arbuckle, Earl of Loriston, and he has asked me to be his wife."

"For heaven's sake," cried Mrs. Gardner, "has the child gone daft?"

"What nonsense!" exclaimed the father. "If Morton had been a swindler would he have returned me the \$5,000 he borrowed of me?"

"He was going to a train with it," replied Margaret, "when he met Lord Loriston, with whom he had come from England as secretary. Lord Loriston forced him to return the money and introduce him as his secretary. All this I have known for some time."

Neither Mr. nor Mrs. Gardner would believe the story until Loriston had proved it by evidence not to be disputed. When the earl returned to England he took their daughter with him. He asked no settlements, but since Gardner was very rich and much pleased with the outcome he came down with plenty to set the earldom on a firm financial foundation.

He Was It!

Two men were once traveling companions on a railway train entering Russia. One was an Englishman, the second was none other than Karl Baedeker. They had talked for four long hours over a wide range of topics when the Englishman asked the



"I AM IT!"

German if he happened to have a Baedeker that he could lend him in his satchel. It was too much for the warm-hearted German. With a sudden and overwhelming enthusiasm of friendship he beat his breast with both hands, exclaiming: "Himmel! I am it!"—Los Angeles Herald.

Help Others.

We probably derive more happiness from work for others than from what we do for ourselves. To work for others consecrates even the humblest labor.—Lord Avebury.

The Man Who Barked.

Writing of the queer old fashioned squires who in the old days used to stay at Hatchett's or Long's when they visited London, Ralph Nevill, in "The Man of Pleasure," tells of one who made a great sensation in the coffee room when dining. He ate heartily and drank deeply. "Each time he emptied his glass he made a noise similar to that which a dog might if his feelings were excited. Asked whether he had any reason for this eccentric behavior, he curtly replied, 'My doctor orders me to take port wine and bark.'"

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SUMMONS.

No. 4535

In the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of San Mateo

T. J. Neilan Co., a corporation, Plaintiff, vs Henry St. Claire, Patrick Devine, Henry Steele, Catherine A. Hawkins, Marie Vivien, Annie Drum (also known as Annie Drumm), Letty A. Morris, Eugene Callahan, Eugene Callahan, Sarah Louise Bassett, William Salisbury, Pioneer Land and Loan Association, Frank W. Shay, as administrator of the estate of William Hale, deceased, and also "all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real property described in the complaint adverse to plaintiff's ownership or any cloud upon plaintiff's title thereto," Defendants

The People of the State of California:

To Henry St. Claire, Patrick Devine, Henry Steele, Catherine A. Hawkins, Marie Vivien, Annie Drum (also known as Annie Drumm), Letty A. Morris, Eugene Callahan, Eugene Callahan, Sarah Louise Bassett, William Salisbury, Pioneer Land and Loan Association, Frank W. Shay, as administrator of the estate of William Hale, deceased, and also "all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real property described in the complaint adverse to plaintiff's title thereto," Greeting:

You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint in the action entitled as above brought against you in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo, within ten (10) days after service upon you of this summons if served within the said county or within thirty (30) days if served elsewhere.

The object of this action is to recover and obtain a final judgment and decree of said Court establishing and quieting the title of the said plaintiff to said real property hereinafter described and every part thereof and determining all adverse claims and clouds thereto, and adjudging plaintiff to be the owner in fee simple absolute of said real property and every part thereof and ascertaining and determining all estates, rights, titles, interests and claims in and to said property and every part thereof, whether the same be legal or equitable, present or future, vested or contingent, or whether the same consist of mortgages or liens of any description, and to obtain such other and further relief as the Court may consider meet and proper.

Said real property is situate in the County of San Mateo, State of California, and is more particularly described as follows, to-wit:—

Lots thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36) in Block 1; Lots fifteen (15), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17) in Block 7; Lots one (1) two (2) three (3) and four (4) in Block 19 and Lots one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) five (5) six (6) seven (7) eight (8) nine (9) ten (10) eleven (11) twelve (12) thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in Block 22; Lot ten (10) in Block 3; Lots twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) in Block 3; Lots thirty-seven (37) and thirty-eight (38) in Block 3; Lot thirty (30) in Block 5; Lots fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) in Block 6; Lots sixteen (16) in Block 10; Lots twenty-nine (29) and thirty (30) in Block 14; Lots one (1) and two (2) in Block 16; Lots one (1) and two (2) thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in Block 21; Lot thirty-five (35) in Block 10; Lots three (3) four (4) five (5) and six (6) in Block 8; and Lots forty-three (43) and forty-six (46) in Block 8; as the same are designated and delineated upon that certain map entitled map of the "Seventy-Five Dollar Lot Homestead Association" which map was filed in the office of the Recorder of the County of San Mateo, State of California, October 3rd, 1870, the original of which map is on file therein in Book "E" of Maps at page 63 and a copy thereof was recorded in Book 1 of Maps at page Six (6); and you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer as above required, the plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint as arising out of the contract or will apply to the Court for any further relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo, this 14th day of October, 1912.

[SEAL] JOS. H. NASH, Clerk.

By A. L. Lowe, Deputy Clerk.

Herbert W. Erskine, Attorney for Plaintiff

2-1-101

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SAN BRUNO NEWS.

Mrs. Ford, formerly of San Bruno, but now residing in Millbrae, is quite ill at her home.

High Class Motion Pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Saturday and Sunday evening, and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8.15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m. Advt.

Miss Everts, our third and fourth grade teacher, will leave Saturday for a week's vacation at Rockland, Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Stearns, of Colma, have leased Mr. Hall's home in Belle Air Park and will move there soon.

\$2750, 3 lots, 5 rooms, all up-to-date, in the prosperous fourth addition; \$1500, 4 rooms, all new, 2 lots, near station, \$15 a month; \$1350, 4 rooms, 2 lots, near station, \$10 a month; \$800, 2 rooms, large, near station, Reis tract, \$10 month. J. M. Custer. Advt.

A ten-and-a-half-pound boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. Wight of San Bruno at the Lomita Park Hospital. Both mother and child are in the best of health.

Dr. W. C. Evans, district superintendent of the San Francisco district, will preach at the San Bruno Methodist Church Sunday morning, March 16th, at eleven o'clock.

For Rent—2-room cottage, furnished, \$6 with water; 7-room house, unfurnished, on San Mateo avenue, \$10 with water; 3-rooms and bath, unfurnished, on Taylor street, near Huntington station, \$10; 4-rooms and bath, electric lights, all conveniences, nicely furnished, \$15. Inquire of C. Schoelkopf. Advt.

Last Sunday an auto driven by a party from San Francisco, while speeding down San Mateo avenue, began to back fire. The occupants were told to jump and as a result the little girl was burned and bruised and had to be taken to Dr. Smith's office for treatment. After an hour's delay they were able to proceed.

For Sale—6-room house, 2 lots, all modern, \$300 cash, balance \$20 a month; 5-room house, 1 lot, \$200 down, balance \$10 a month; lots on San Mateo avenue from \$350 up; store and one lot, \$50 down, balance \$10 a month; lot 103 foot frontage on San Mateo avenue, \$1800 cash; 5-room house, 2 lots, modern, \$1800, \$400 down, balance \$15 month; 3-room house, 2 lots, large barn, \$750 cash; 3-room house, modern, \$400 cash. L. M. Pfluger, San Bruno. Advt.

The people of San Bruno should make an effort to patronize our own postoffice. We do not realize that it is by mailing our letters here that we help to increase the rating of our office. At present we have a fourth-class office, which is below the average of San Mateo county and with our increasing population we should have a higher class office. Letters mailed here are delivered more directly than in the city as they do not lay in the mail boxes for the carriers to collect, but go direct to the office. By getting a higher class office we will have better service, namely, clerk hire, postmistress' salary, better office. Let us all bear these few facts in mind when we are inclined to carry our letters to the city to mail.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

Several of our San Bruno parties attended the Macabees' whist party Wednesday evening in San Francisco. Those present were Mesdames Toso, Skellenger, Flynn, Fegan, Laumeister, and Mr. and Mrs. Holliday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emerick gave a delightful "At Home" to a few of their friends last Saturday evening. The evening was spent with the usual good time games, singing and dancing, and after delicious refreshments the party left for San Francisco to partake of a French dinner after which they attended the theater. Those present were Misses Carlson, Lucile Froom, Josie Noyer, Mr. Johnson, Frank Jacobsen and Mr. and Mrs. Moore and family.

The bachelor headquarters of Ray Maede was the scene of a jolly company last Saturday evening when Ray gave a surprise to Mrs. John Quirk, it being her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in dancing and Ray's pianolo was tested and proved to be pretty fine. Refreshments were served and those who participated are beginning to think Ray is a pretty good cook. Those present

were Misses Alice Valentine, Nita Delaney, Hilda and Julia Jenevein, Mrs. Kirk, Misses Bess, Lillian and Marjory Kirk, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Valentine, Miss Caroline Venable, S. Dow, Ed Elder, Charley Hart, Stewart Kirk and Ray and Delmar Maede.

COURT NOTES.

J. McClain, arrested on complaint of John Walsh on charge of vagrancy. James K. Bush against A. N. Roth—Complaint filed in debt due on promissory note.

Case of Atkinson against the South San Francisco Mill and Lumber Co.—Case came up for hearing March 5th. Matter taken under advisement. Decision will be rendered March 17th.

John Miller arrested for automobile speeding March 8th.—Fined \$10.

Case of the people against Cramer—Dismissed.

John Doe Eisner arrested for automobile speeding.—Fined \$5. Extenuating circumstances.

A. A. Machette was arrested for auto speeding.—Case set for St. Patrick's Day in the morning.

WOMEN OPPOSE EIGHT-HOUR LAW

The extension of the eight-hour law to all classes of women workers is to be vigorously opposed at this session. The women of the fruit-producing sections of the State have not been idle during the recess taken by the Legislature. They have signed up petitions bearing thousands of names, asking that they still be allowed to work at piece work in the fruit, whether in the canneries or packing establishments.

At the first session of the Legislature Assemblymen Slater, Chandler, Guiberson, Killingworth and others presented many petitions from the women, and now re-enforcements have arrived. Assemblyman Slater of Santa Rosa has petitions signed by hundreds of women who work in the fruit canneries in Sonoma County. He has another large petition from San Lorenzo. Assemblyman Guill of Chico has a petition with 600 signatures from Butte County. Assemblyman Libby has a largely signed memorial from Sebastopol. In addition to this, Slater has resolutions passed by granges, chambers of commerce and many other organizations, petitioning the Legislature not to extend the eight-hour law to the fruit industry.

"The women want an opportunity to earn all the money they can in the short season the fruit is being picked and canned. It is the women who want us to allow them to continue at piece work," said Slater. "Help is very short, anyway, during the season and we must not put obstacles in the way."



Draped gowns in soft fabrics, like the one of prune satin illustrated here, are considered very smart. The drape is caught up at the side, the front of the garment being embellished with lines of fancy buttons, which are also repeated on the shoulders. Each long sleeve terminates in a point on the back of the hand. The sleeves and satin girdle are carried out in darker shades of the satin.

AUSTRIA STARTS NEW WAR SCARE

She Warns Serbia to Abandon Montenegro

The European chancelleries and stock markets are being kept in a condition of nervous tension. No sooner does one thorny problem seem in the way of solution than another crops up.

The allies have accepted the powers' offer of mediation under certain conditions and arrangements have been completed for the settlement of the dispute between Bulgaria and Roumania by a conference of Embassadors at St. Petersburg presided over by Sergius Sazonoff, the Russian Foreign Minister.

Thus the way seems prepared for the restoration of peace in the Balkans. But at the same moment a new difficulty has been raised by Austria, which objects to Serbia going to the assistance of Montenegro, and is endeavoring to enlist the powers on her side to coerce Serbia. Also Austria declines to demobilize as far as the Serbian frontier is concerned.

It appears, therefore, that the fate of Scutari still is a menace to the peace of Europe. Austria is determined to make Scutari the capital of autonomous Albania. Montenegro is equally determined on the possession of Scutari, and with the allies in their present temper it seems hardly likely that Serbia will abandon her intention of going to the assistance of Montenegro at Austria's bidding.

According to dispatches from Vienna and Belgrade, Greek transports are landing further large Serbian forces at San Giovanni di Medua. These will assist in the capture of Scutari, and a general attack on the town will commence next week.

It is understood that Russia will disband 230,000 reservists under agreement with Austria, but that on Austria's side it can hardly be described as demobilization, since a much smaller number will be dispersed, and those only from the Russian frontier.

A Constantinople dispatch reports that fighting has been resumed both at Tchatalja and Bulair. No particulars are given except that the Bulgarian advance posts have attacked on both wings the Turkish positions on the Gulf of Sares.

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

Mrs. Rose Havens, 45, died at her home in Mahersville, Ill., after a continuous sleep of thirty-four days. Fourteen years ago the woman slept 121 days.

Suffragettes burned the wooden pavilion of the Bowling Club at Heaton Park, Newcastle, England. They left a card inscribed: "No peace until votes for women."

President Wilson's teetotal policy at the White House has aroused the resentment of the London Standard, which editorially warns the President against "gaining the fatal reputation of a crank."

Two merchants were executed at Cheng Tu, China, for secretly storing opium. Four officers were killed at Kion-Chow by the militia while they were attempting to force the farmers to destroy their poppy crops.

President Wilson has accepted membership in the University Club in Washington and will pay his dues just as any other member does. The University Club is the first club the President has joined in Washington.

Those women of Massachusetts who do not cover the points of their hats with some device that will protect the public from injury hereafter will be liable to a fine of \$100. An act to this effect was signed by Governor Foss.

A bill granting the elective franchise to women has been introduced in the Territorial Senate and referred to the Committee on Elections. Petitions asking for votes for women were presented in the House by Representative Milo Kelly of Knik, Alaska.

The death roll in the battle fought in front of the National Palace on February 9th, when Felix Diaz, attacked the Government, totaled 506, according to a report by the military authorities. The victims included 170 women, 6 children, 208 non-combatants, men, 10 military students and 40 federal soldiers, the remainder being rebels.

A hostile crowd broke up a suffragette meeting at Nottingham, England. Miss Annie Kenny and others attempted to speak, but could not get a hearing. Windows were smashed,

GENERAL HUERTA.

Provisional President of Mexico, Who Deposed Madero.



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Scanners torn down and the platform stormed. The police took Miss Kenny and her friends secretly out of the building by a rear exit to escape the violence of the mob.

Tourists continue to flock to Panama to see the big ditch the United States Government is digging there. The Victoria Louise, a German steamer, sailed from New York for Colon with all her cabins filled. Among the passengers were John D. Rockefeller Jr. and his wife. Mr. Rockefeller, like his fellow tourists, said he was anxious to see the canal before the water was let in.

Secretary of State Bryan has been invited to take charge of the young men's Bible Class in the Washington First Presbyterian Church Sunday School and in consequence the membership of the class is going up by leaps and bounds. Bryan has not yet accepted, but the pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. Donald C. McLeod, believes that he will eventually undertake the management, even though he does not teach personally every Sunday.

Boys in the High School at McComb City, Miss., earn \$12 to \$18 a month regularly while attending school. A plan of co-operation has been drawn up between the High School and the Illinois Central Railroad whereby the boys attend school one day and work in the railroad shops the next. The "student-apprentices," as they are called, are paid for their work in the shops, the minimum wage being 12 cents an hour. After four years of combined High School attendance and shop work, the boy is prepared to enter college or draw a man's pay at his trade.

Instead of seeking solitude in the foothills of the Cascade Mountains, thirty-five elk brought from Yellowstone Park and released two weeks ago at Snoqualmie Falls, Wash., are making trouble for dairymen in the Snoqualmie Valley by mingling with the dairy herd and disrupting the discipline of farm life. When the elk were released it was believed they would disappear into the forest and grow into a prosperous herd. Instead they began to make friends with the 240 dairy cows pastured in the valley and are now grazing with the cattle and making serious trouble for the dairymen.

With sales of apples three times greater in the aggregate, considering the population of Portland, than the similar sale recently held in Chicago; with apple menus featured in the Commercial Club and in many restaurants of Portland, Ore., and with the hurly-burly of newsboys scrambling for apples tossed to them in the streets by the promoters of the sale, the "apple day" sales carried on under the auspices of the home economics department of the Woman's Club of Portland came to a close. Tabulations completed show that more than 25,000 boxes of apples were sold at prices ranging from sixty-five cents to one dollar a box. That this first move in the women's campaign of education to bring about at least a partial solution of the problem of the high cost of living was a success was vouched for by all who had been connected with the movement. The sale was conducted with the co-operation of the jobbers and a dretail grocers.

PANAMA EXPOSITION NEWS

Colvin B. Brown of the Department of Domestic Exploitation of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, has received a telegram from the Legislature of the State of Indiana, announcing that the appropriations for

that State's exhibit building in the world's fair has been increased from \$75,000 to \$90,000.

Militiamen from all over the United States will take part in a mammoth military tournament to be held at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in San Francisco in 1915. The militiamen in various States of the Union have started the formation of clubs for the purpose of subscribing to a fund to pay the fares of volunteer soldiers to the world's fair in 1915, thus making no drain upon the resources of the State Legislature's exchequer.

Captain Asher Carter Baker, Director of Exhibits for the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915, has issued, after ten months' labor, a complete classification of exhibits of the world's fair. The classification, which fills a volume of 100 pages, is made up of eleven departments divided into 156 groups, including 800 classes. The departments are Fine Arts, Education, Social Economy, Liberal Arts, Manufactures and Varied Industries, Machinery, Transportation, Agriculture, Live Stock, Horticulture and Mines and Metallurgy.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET

Latest Conditions and Prices of Seasonable Products of California

FRUITS—Apples, per box, California stock: Bellflower, fancy, 35¢@75¢; do, black spotted, 20¢@50¢; Newtown Pippins, 4-tier, 75¢@90¢; White Pearmains, 4-tier, 75¢@90¢; Red Pearmains, 35¢@40¢; other varieties, 4-tier, 60¢@80¢; do, 4½-tier, 10¢@15¢ lower; No. 2, all varieties, 35¢@50¢; Lady Apples, 35¢@50¢.

Oregon stock, per box: Spitzenberg, \$1.25@1.60; Jonathan, \$1@1.20; Baldwin, 75¢@90¢; Winesaps, \$1@1.50; Rome Beauties, \$1@1.35; Ben Davis, 90¢@1.15.

POTATOES—Per cental on wharf: River Burbanks, fancy, 30¢@60¢; street quotations, 10¢ higher; Salinas, \$1.25@1.60; on street, 20¢ higher per sack; Longmead, 75¢@85¢; Oregon Burbanks, 90¢@1.10; Sweet, fancy, \$1.50@2.10 per sack; do, on street, 10¢ higher per sack; Seed Potatoes, per lb., in car, 1¢@1¼¢; do, on street, ¼¢ higher; new Potatoes, per lb., 6¢.

ONIONS—Per cental on wharf: California, Silverskins, 40¢@55¢; Australian Brown, 35¢@45¢; on street, 10¢ higher.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, per box, Mexican, 90¢@1.25; do, per crate, 90¢@1.15; do, southern, fancy, Los Angeles, lugs, 75¢@1; Garlic, 2¢@3¢ per lb.; Cucumbers, hothouse, lugs, \$1.75@2.50; Green Okra, per box, 25¢@40¢; String Beans, 20¢@30¢ per lb.; Peas, 10¢@16¢; Peppers, Bell, local, per lb., 20¢@25¢; do, Mexican, 20¢@25¢; do, Chile, 15¢@20¢; Carrots, per sack, 50¢@65¢; Egg Plant, per lb., 25¢@30¢; Cauliflower, 85¢@1 per dozen; Lettuce, southern, per crate, \$1.25@2; do, local, per dozen, 20¢; Squash Cream, lugs, 35¢@50¢; do, Hubbard per sack, 45¢@60¢; Celery, per crate, small, 65¢@90¢; do, large, 75¢@1.75; do, seconds, 50¢@75¢; Sprouts, per lb., 4¢@6¢; Mushrooms, 4-lb. boxes, 40¢@1; Artichokes, per dozen, fancy, \$1@1.10; do, seconds, 75¢@85¢; Horseradish, per lb., 8¢@10¢; Rhubarb, per lb., 5¢@8½¢; Asparagus, per lb., 10¢@12¢.

HAY—Wholesale prices in carload lots, per ton: Fancy Wheat, \$24@25; No. 1 Wheat or Wheat and Oat, \$21.50@23; No. 2 Wheat or Wheat and Oat, \$19.50@20.50; Choice Tame Oat, \$21@22.50; other Tame Oat, \$18@20; Barley and Oat, \$15@19; Wild Oat, \$14@18.50; Stock Hay, \$10@11.50; Alfalfa, \$12.50@15; Straw, per bale, 35¢@75¢.

FEED—Per ton: Chopped Feed, \$19@23; Bran, \$23@24; Middlings, \$30@33; Shorts, \$25@25.50; Cracked Corn, \$32@33; Feed Corn Meal, \$33; Rolled Barley, \$27@28; Rolled Oats, \$31.50@33; Alfalfa Meal, car lots, \$18.50.

MEAL—Per ton: Orlake, 20-ton lots, \$37.50; 10 tons, \$38; 5 tons, \$38.50; less than 5 tons, \$39; Coconut, carload lots, \$29; do, small lots, \$31; Soy Bean, \$37.50@39, according to quantity.

POULTRY—Per lb.: California Fryers, 22¢@30¢; Roosters, 23¢@25¢; Hens, 19¢@20¼¢; Turkeys, dressed, young, 20¢@23¢; do, old, 19¢@21¢; Eastern Hens, 15¢@16¢; do, young stock, 18¢@21¢.

Per dozen: California Hens, small, \$4.50@5; do, large, \$5.50@6.50; do, extra, \$7@10; old Roosters, \$4@5; young Roosters, \$6.50@7.50; do, full grown, \$7@9; Fryers, \$6.50@7.50; Broilers, large, \$4@5; do, medium, \$3.50@4; do, small, \$3@3.50; Ducks, old, \$5@7; do, young, \$8@10; Pigeons, \$1.25@1.50; do, Squabs, \$2.50@3; Belgian Hares, \$3.50@8; Eastern Hens, \$6@7; do, young stock, \$4@7, according to size; Geese, per pair, \$2@3.

GAME—Per dozen: Rabbits, \$2.25@2.75; Gray Geese, \$4; Brant, small, \$1.50@2; do, large, \$2.25@3.